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24 hour Akhanda Kiirtan

On 2nd and 3rd August there was 24 hour Akhanda Kiirtan at Damrughutu village and mass feeding was done for more than 600 people.



State Government authority visited Anandanagar Children's Homes

A team of seven persons from West Bengal Social Welfare Department headed by Chairman of the State ,Mr Ashokendu Sengupta visited Anandanagar Children's Homes on 8th August 2015. They were very happy to see the behaviour of the Children and their routines.



Inspection of State Government authority



Inspection of State Government authority

Sr. Executive Engineer visited Anandanagar

Sr. Executive Engineer Devendra Prasadji visited Nava Cakra Cave on 9th August 2015 and he has taken measurement for making budget plan of Tyagishvarananda Dam Tyageshvarananda, Dihi (Dimdiha) unit.



Music classes for Children’s Home boys

Music classes are continuing for Anandanagar Children’s Home boys sponsored by Shankar Mahadevan of Karnataka.



Mobile Medical camps

There was a mobile medical camp on 2nd August at the village Damrughutu and on 15 August at the village Damru by Abha Seva Sadan (Ananda Marga Medical Department), Anandanagar. 52 village patients at Damrughutu village and 95 patients at Damru village were treated.



Medical camp at Damru village



Medical camp at Damru village

Akhand Kiirtana at Baba's Memorial

On 16th August there was 3 hour Akhanda Kiirtan with Narayan Seva at Baba's Memorial



Sports competition

On 15th August sports competitions were held among the students of Girijananda Dihi Primary school at Navahatu and Anandanagar High School.



Food for All programme

On 23 August Anandanagar VSS did "Food For All" program at the village Khergora near Chirkamu. More than 200 people were fed.

Akhanda Kiirtana at Rajadera village

On 26th August there was Akhanda Kiirtan program at Rajadera village near Patamjuri. More people got initiation.



Shravanii Purnima function

Shravanii Purnima function (**the first initiation day**) has been celebrated at Bakul Vitan, Anandanagar on 29th August with 3 hour Akhanda Kiirtan and Narayan Seva. More than 300 Margiis participated in this program.





Shraavanii Purnima function

Prabhat Samgiita, Dance and Drawing competition

On 30th August there was Prabhat Samgiita competition, on the basis of Prabhat Samgiita Dance competition and Drawing competition were held at Bakul Vitan, Anandanagar in the preliminary levels. Total participants were 75. The successful candidates will appear for the final competitions on 20th September at our Kolkata Ashram. These are all different parts of 14th September Prabhat Samgiita Day celebration.



The Seven Wonders of Anandanagar

(continued from the previous issue)

4) Dinosaur Fossil.

There is a small hillock at the western extreme of Anandanagar. Father has given it the name of *Asthi Páhad* (hill of bones – tr.). A dinosaur fossil was found on it. On 27th December, 1980, Father went there, examined a stone and said that it was a dinosaur fossil. He explained that it was a part of a dinosaur's back. There was another piece lying at a little distance. It was a part of the

lower back of a dinosaur. It was fossilized about 1.5 million years ago. Father said that parts of the tail also might be found. Looking further east, the tail, broken into several pieces, was found. The lowest part is now kept in the museum at *Madhumálaya*, the Kolkata residence of Father.

Father said that this huge reptile had been fossilized a million and half years ago. The fossil belonged to a post-glacial age. Some think that there had been no dinosaur in India. But now we have concrete evidence to the contrary. The dinosaur was the largest animal. Its size was twelve times that of an elephant. There were two types of dinosaurs --- herbivores and carnivores. **A dinosaur could have a baby elephant for breakfast. A dinosaur's head was disproportionately small** when compared with its trunk. Therefore it was poor in intelligence. Dinosaurs were egg-laying animals. Dinosaurs became extinct long before the advent of man on earth. So no living man ever saw a living dinosaur. The dinosaur and the coctatius were contemporaries. The latter was a carnivore. Lizards are transformed descendants of the coctatius. Thus many animals have become extinct and many new ones have appeared.

Not very far, a red piece of stone was found lying. Father examined it for quite some time. Then he said that it came from a very fearsome prehistoric animal. It resembled both a bird and a turtle. It could fly. It was huge in size. When it was seen flying, other animals took cover in fear. Its eyes were red.

Some more fossils were discovered that day --- for examples, the fossil of a tree resembling *sál*; the fossil of a large animal or the waist of an animal; the fossil of lower leg of an animal resembling a lion, the fossil of a part of the mouth of a wolf; very old hard rock; ancient rock containing silver and mica; etc.

In the ancient world, there came a brief glacial age. It is surmised that during that epoch, **gigantic animals and other animals of prehistoric Rápha** died of cold. We have the fossils of some animals. Their bodies were not decomposed but were transformed into hard fossils.

5) The Oldest temple on earth:

Ten kilometers to the east of Dimdihá Hill, at Deolghata on the bank of the Kansabati, there stand three very old brick-built temples. One of them has collapsed and is in ruins. These are Jaena temples. According to Ramesh Chandra Majumdar, the distinguished historian, they were built during the region of Emperor Candragupta in Magadh. The temples are more than 2,200 years old. There were more temples here, which have been destroyed. These are the oldest temples on earth. We are not of course taking into account *stupas* and pyramids. Jaenas were the first on earth to build temples and idols Terra cotta decorations in temple are extremely beautiful.

(to be continued)

N.B.: All monthly Anandanagar news are now available in website -: <http://www.anandanagar.org>

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